Savitribai Phule Pune University Second Year of Computer Engineering (2015 Course) 210250: Audit Course 1 AC1-II: Humanities and Social Sciences

Objective of Humanities and Social Science (HSS) is to produce well-rounded engineers, not only having good technological skills but also with the ability to interact with different organs of an organization.

HSS is concerned with society and the relationships among individuals within a society. It in turn has many branches, each of which is considered a "social science". The main social sciences include economics, political science, human geography, demography and sociology. In a wider sense, social science also includes some fields in the humanities such as anthropology, archaeology, psychology, history, law and linguistics.

Course Objectives:

- Human and social development;
- Contemporary national and international affairs;
- Emergence of Indian society and Economics

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, student will be able to-

- Making engineering and technology students aware of the various issues concerning man and society.
- These issues will help to sensitize students to be broader towards the social, cultural, economic and human issues, involved in social changes
- Able to understand the nature of the individual and the relationship between the self and the community
- Understanding major ideas, values, beliefs, and experiences that have shaped human history and cultures

Course Contents

- 1. Indian Society : Structure of Indian Society, Indian Social Demography– Social and Cultural, Differentiations: caste, class, gender and tribe; Institutions of marriage, family and kinship- Secularization –Social Movements and Regionalism-Panchayatraj Institutions; Indian constitution; Affirmative Action Programme of the Government- various reservations and commissions.
- 2. **Social Development**: Scientific approach to the study of human beings. Evolution of human kind, social change and evolution. Industrial revolution. National policy on education, health and health care and human development.

- **3. Sectoral Development: Agriculture:** Technology changes, Green revolutions, Employment Rural & Urban, Government Schemes. Industrial Development: Strategies, Public & Private Sectors, Categories, infrastructure, transport & communication, Consumer Awareness.
- Environment & Ecology: Ecosystems: Structure, Working, components. Pollution: Water & Air Pollution, Global Warming, Control Strategies, International Treaties. Energy Sources: Renewable & Non Renewable, Hydro power, Biomass, Ocean, Geothermal & Tidal. Global Environmental Issues: Population Growth, Soil Degradation, Loss of Biodiversity.

References:

- 1. Krugman, -International Economics", Pearson Education, ISBN-13:000-01334-23646
- 2. Prakash, The Indian Economy", Pearson Education, ISBN-8131758931
- 3. Thursen Gerald, —Figineering Economics", Prentice Hall, ISBN-10:0138221227
- 4. C.S. Rao, -Environmental Pollution Control Engineering", New Age International Pvt. Ltd, ISBN-812241835X
- 5. Rangarajan, -Environmental Issues in India, Pearson Education", ISBN-10:8131708101
- 6. University of Delhi, -The Individual & Society", Pearson Education. ISBN-8131704173
- 7. Wikipedia.org / wiki /social studies.
- 8. M. N. Srinivas, -Social change in modern India, 1991", Orient Longman, ISBN-10:812500422X
- 9. David Mandelbaum, -Society in India", 1990, Popular, ISBN-10:8171540139
- **10.** David Newman, -Exploring the architecture of everyday life", Pine Forge Press, 7th edition, ISBN-10:1452275947